

Name _____ Per _____

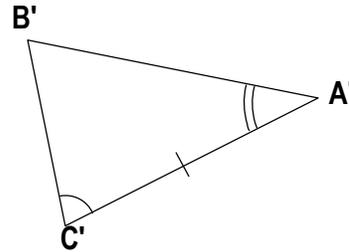
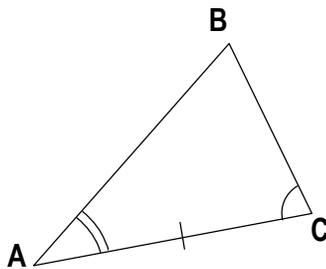
LO: I can prove that ASA and SSS are shortcuts for proving that two triangles are congruent and can use them to determine whether or not two triangles are congruent and write a proof.

DO NOW On the back of this packet

(1) **Congruence: A sequence of transformations.**

transparencies, dry erase markers, eraser, compass, straightedge

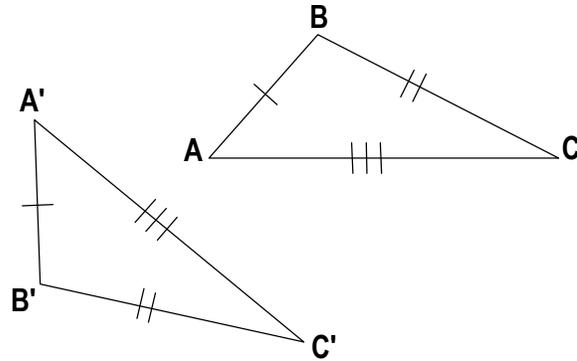
Two shapes are congruent if there is a sequence of transformations (1 or more) that map one shape to the other. Determine a sequence of transformations that maps $\triangle A'B'C'$ back to $\triangle ABC$. Write a description and justification for each step in the sequence of transformations.



Is ASA enough to prove/guarantee 2 triangles are congruent? _____

(2) **Congruence: A sequence of rigid transformations. SSS**

Two shapes are congruent if there is a sequence of transformations (1 or more) that map one shape to the other. Determine a sequence of transformations that maps $\triangle A'B'C'$ back to $\triangle ABC$. Write a description and justification for each step in the sequence of transformations.

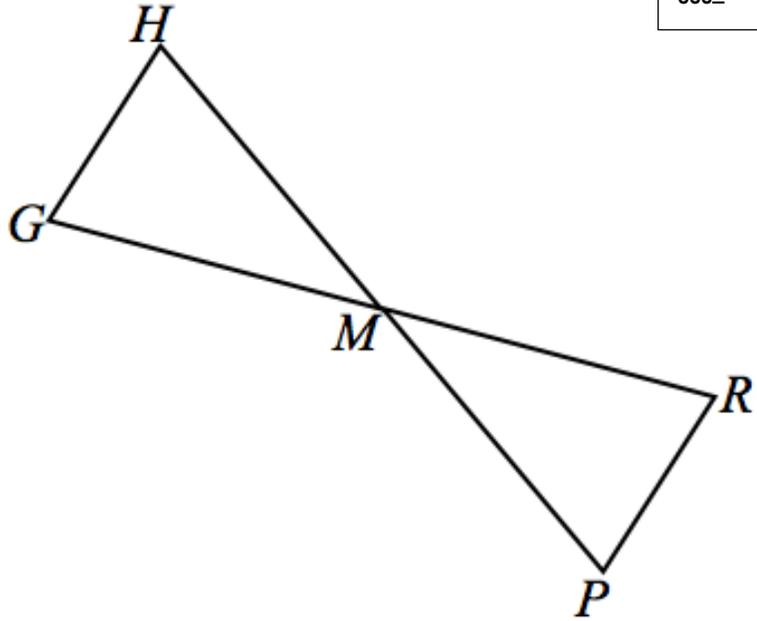


Is SSS enough to prove/guarantee 2 triangles are congruent? _____

- (3) Given: M is the midpoint of \overline{HP} , $\angle H \cong \angle P$

Prove: Two triangles are congruent

Choose which to use
 SAS \cong
 ASA \cong
 SSS \cong

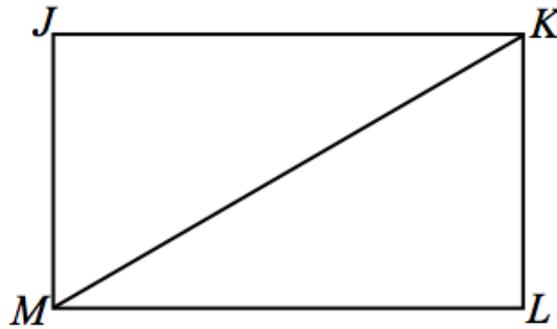


I know that . . .	because . . .

(4) Given: JKLM is a rectangle with diagonal KM

Prove: Two triangles are congruent

Choose which to use
SAS \cong
ASA \cong
SSS \cong



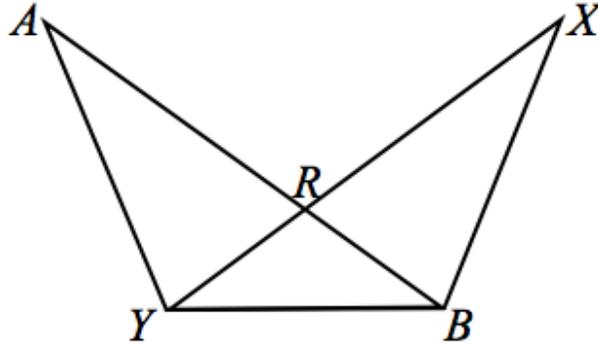
I know that ...

because ...

□ (5) □ Given: $\overline{RY} \cong \overline{RB}$, $\overline{AR} \cong \overline{XR}$

Prove: $\triangle ARY \cong$ to another triangle

Choose which to use
 SAS \cong
 ASA \cong
 SSS \cong

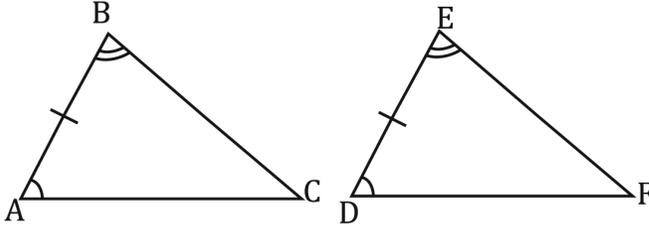
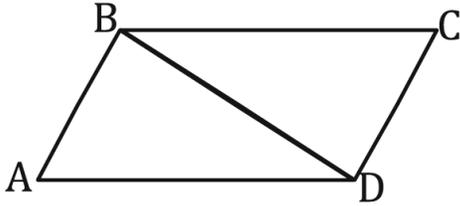
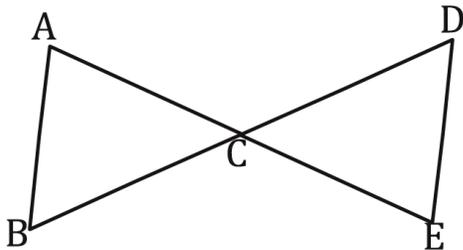


I know that ...

because ...

(6) **Exit Ticket**

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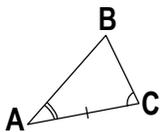
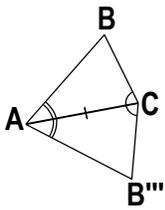
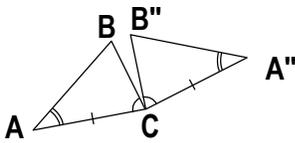
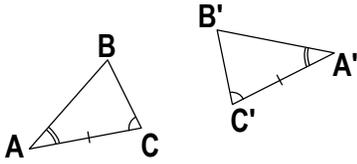
 (7) **Homework**(1) Given: The diagram as marked. Prove: $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle DEF$ (2) Given: $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{CD}$ and $\overline{AD} \cong \overline{CB}$. Prove: $\triangle ABD \cong \triangle CDB$ (3) Given: \overline{AE} bisects \overline{BD} and $\angle B \cong \angle D$. Prove: $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle EDC$ 

(7)
cont.

Homework

Congruence: A sequence of transformations (ASA #1 remix)

Prove: If, in a triangle, we know that two pairs of corresponding angles and the pair of corresponding sides between them are congruent, then two triangles are congruent. Describe the transformations below and explain how you are certain when one point maps to another.



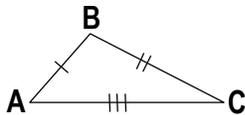
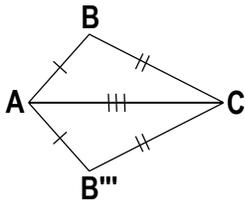
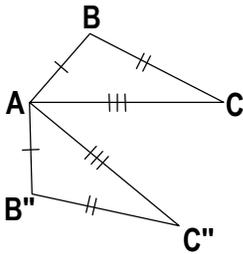
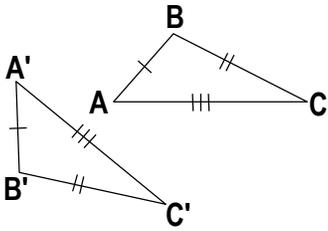
□ (7) Homework

cont.

Congruence: A sequence of transformations (SSS #2 remix)

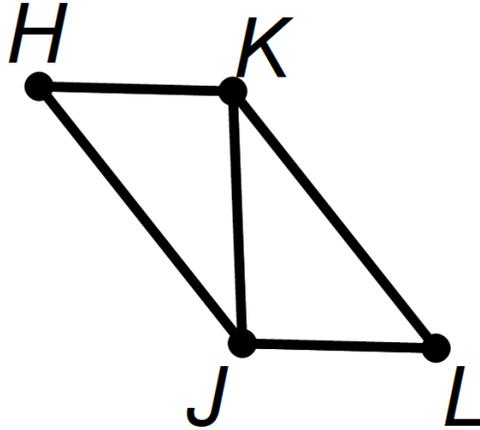
Prove: If three pairs of corresponding sides are congruent for two triangles, then two triangles are congruent.

Describe the transformations below and explain how you are certain when one point maps to another.



(1) The LO (Learning Outcomes) are written below your name on the front of this packet. Demonstrate your achievement of these outcomes by doing the following:

Show that the triangles are congruent given the information: $\overline{HK} \cong \overline{JL}$ and $\overline{HJ} \cong \overline{KL}$

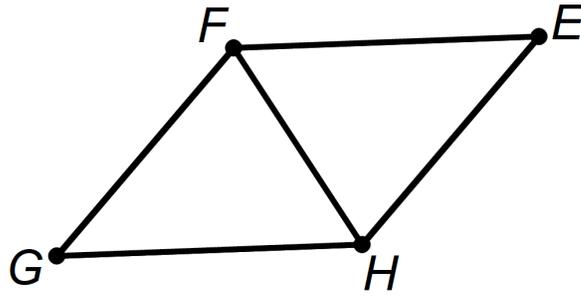


I know that . . .	because . . .

DO NOW Name _____ Date _____ Per _____

10.4L

(1) Show that the triangles are congruent by $SAS \cong$ given the information $\overline{FE} \cong \overline{GH}$, $\angle EFH \cong \angle GHF$



I know that . . .	because . . .